

Fair, continued cold tonight and Wednesday; fresh west to north-west winds.

The Evening Times

A Washington Paper
For Washington People.

Number 2070.

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY, MARCH 18, 1902.

Price One Cent.

IMMIGRATION BILL COVERS WIDE RANGE

Great Importance Attached
to Its Provisions.

REPORTED TO HOUSE TODAY

Anarchists and Other Undesirable Aliens
to Be Excluded or Deported at Any
Time Within Five Years—Head Tax on
Immigrants Increased.

The general immigration bill, prepared by Chairman Shattuck, of the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization, and accepted by that committee, was by him reported to the House today with the recommendation that it be passed.

The Canadian border and the educational test bills will be reported in some shape later. The head tax on immigrants is increased from \$1 to \$1.50. The bill provides also for not only rejecting undesirable aliens at our ports but by following up those who have unlawfully effected an entrance, and who have become criminal or pauper burdens upon State and municipal institutions and within five years after their arrival returning them to the country whence they came. This period was formerly one year.

The bill excludes from admission to the United States "anarchists or persons who believe in or advocate the overthrow by force or violence of all governments or forms of law or the assassination of public officials." Another new class of persons excluded is epileptics and persons who have been insane within five years previous to coming here, and persons who have had two or more attacks of insanity at any time previous. The section relating to contract labor is made more stringent.

The bill also provides that inspection shall be made from time to time of all reformatories, insane hospitals, charitable institutions, etc., and that all aliens who are found to have become public charges under the law shall be deported.

FILIPINOS, SAYS OTIS, WANT PROTECTORATE

The General Tells Senators
About Aims of Natives.

INTERNAL CONTROL DESIRED

Custom Houses Do Not Interest Their
Leaders—Interference of Mr. Beveridge
in Mr. Rawlins' Questioning Resented
by a Fellow-Member.

"If the Americans were to withdraw and leave the Philippines to themselves, anarchy would result in the islands," said General Otis in the course of his examination before the Senate Committee on the Philippines, this morning. "The people themselves know that that would be the result and their leaders have told me so. They want the protection of the United States and the control of the internal affairs of the islands, and to turn over the custom houses to us."

Senator Rawlins questioned General Otis as to his having compelled the Filipino troops to withdraw beyond the boundaries around Manila. General Otis said that was right and his duty to make them withdraw beyond the boundaries of the city. It was in the interest of peace.

Senator Rawlins asked some other questions, which Senator Beveridge undertook to explain to the witness; and this interference caused Senator Patterson to protest with some energy against one Senator breaking in between the witness and another Senator.

Senator Culberson read an extract from the testimony of General Hughes to the effect that at a consultation with leading Filipinos the result of his questioning as to an American protectorate was that America would be considered along with the other Powers of the world in regard to protection; and General Otis was asked what he had to say on that point.

General Otis—Probably that took place, but I was not present.

The committee then adjourned until tomorrow.

MEETING OF THE CABINET.

Establishment of Government in Danish Islands Discussed.

The installation of the United States Government in the Danish West Indies was discussed at the Cabinet meeting today. The remainder of the meeting was taken up with the consideration of various departmental questions.

CLEAR AND FROSTY TONIGHT.

Weather Bureau Announces Continued Cold Wave for This Region.

The Weather Bureau announced the following this morning:

"The cold wave has reached the middle and South Atlantic coast and low temperatures are general this morning east of the Rocky Mountains. From the Gulf States northward, through the lower Lake Region and Middle Atlantic States they are 4 to 27 degrees below the seasonal average, and are below the freezing point as far as Central Alabama. In the Northwest and Central West, although the temperatures continue comparatively low, they have risen considerably since Monday morning.

"Clear and cold weather will prevail generally tonight and Wednesday in the East and South, although it will not be so cold Wednesday from the Lower Lake Region southward.

Frost will be general tonight throughout the East Gulf and South Atlantic States, with freezing temperatures in the Carolinas and northern portions of the East Gulf States."

Committee recommends passage of the measure as presented—Canadian border and educational test bills next in order.

CHINESE REBELLION RAPIDLY INCREASING

Rebels Defeat Ma and Capture
Fangcheng.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS DESERT

General Su Compelled to Stop at Lien-Chow and Await Re-enforcements—Insurgents Declare Their Purpose Is the Overthrow of the Manchu Dynasty.

HONGKONG, March 18.—The rebellion is spreading in the provinces of Kwangsi, Kwangtung and Yunnan.

General Ma, who engaged the rebels at Fangcheng, was forced to retreat after a battle which lasted two days.

The rebels captured Fangcheng, and established their headquarters there.

They killed or captured all the Mandarins and looted the town.

Ma is now at Koa-Chau.

General Su, who was recently ordered to take command of the rebellious troops, is at Lien-Chow, awaiting re-enforcements.

In the meantime the rebels have stationed themselves between the two imperial forces, thus making a juncture impossible.

The rebels are also seizing the supplies sent from the interior for the Government forces.

Many of the imperial troops are joining the insurgents, attracted by the loot.

The rebellion was started in Kwang-Si several weeks ago. The insurgents included in their manifesto, published at the time, the overthrow of the Manchus and the establishment of a Chinese dynasty.

PERTINENT QUESTIONS ON THE STATUS OF CUBA

Mr. Jenkins Queries the House Judiciary Committee in a
Resolution Calling for Information.

Representative Jenkins today introduced in the House a resolution requesting the Committee on Judiciary to report to the House as early as convenient an opinion on the status of Cuba.

The resolution calls for an opinion on a number of propositions, such as:

Is the island of Cuba, as far as the United States is concerned, foreign or domestic territory, has the United States since the ratification of the treaty with Spain continued to exercise sovereignty over the island and the people thereof; has the United States title to the island; if not, where does the title rest; has Congress the power to enter into reciprocal relations with the island of Cuba; what effect will it have upon the sovereignty over the people of Cuba and upon the title to the island for the President

SENATORS DISCUSS POPULAR ELECTION

Committee on Privileges Begins
Formal Consideration.

A Majority of the Members Inclined, It
Is Understood, Toward Favorable Action—Opinions and Arguments.

The question of the election of Senators by popular vote has been taken up for serious discussion on the Senate side of the Capitol for the first time.

The Committee on Privileges and Elections at its meeting today formally began the consideration of the question. The House resolution providing for a constitutional amendment, and the various proposed Senate bills and resolutions on the same subject were taken up and discussed for an hour or more. A number of Senators expressed their opinions and fortified them with careful arguments. The meeting developed no unfriendliness of spirit.

No action was taken and the meeting was adjourned until next week, when the subject will be taken up again. The question will be considered by the committee regularly now until it is ready to make a report.

Senator Burrows, the chairman of the committee, is understood to be in favor of the change in the method of election. With him are all the Democrats of the committee and it is said one or two other Republicans.

The committee took no action with regard to the Tillman-McLaurin investigation question.

CHARGED WITH VAGRANCY.

Casey May Also Have Manipulated Bad Checks.

Francis L. Casey, forty-three years old, who hails from New York, was arrested last night by detectives Tyler and Trumbull, charged with vagrancy. The prisoner has been in town six weeks. He was previously taken to Headquarters for examination, but was released, there being no charge against him.

Mrs. Laura Miller, 326 Pennsylvania Avenue, northwest, has made complaint against Casey, while her son, Charles Miller, also makes a statement as to the character of the prisoner. Mrs. Miller, it is alleged, claims that Casey once gave her a bad check, but that he subsequently secured the check again and tore it up. A second check, which Casey is said to have manipulated, in payment for his board bill, is held now by the police, pending further investigation of the prisoner.

CHICAGO IS UPSET BY ATTORNEY DAY'S VISIT

Proceedings Against Railroad
Law Violators Feared.

STRICT SILENCE MAINTAINED

Mr. Day Reached the Western Metropolis
This Morning, and There Came a
Flurry in Railroad Offices Immediately
After He Came to Town.

CHICAGO, March 18.—William A. Day, attorney for the Interstate Commerce Commission, arrived in Chicago yesterday from Washington.

The news of his coming was not long in reaching the offices of local railroad officials, and it immediately caused much uneasiness and worry.

Fear of an early beginning of proceedings against violators of the interstate commerce and Sherman anti-trust laws is widespread, and Mr. Day's presence in the city at this time is looked upon as portending trouble.

Attorney Day's movements, after his arrival at the Palmer House, were shrouded in mystery, and when he was found in conference with United States District Attorney Behea, in the latter's office, he would say nothing.

Neither would the district attorney give any hint as to the nature of the case, which it is expected will be started.

Mr. Day remained with him over an hour, and the evidence which was secured against violators of the law in this district was discussed generally.

It is expected other conferences will be held in the next few days, and the plan of campaign will be outlined.

Then a bill will be filed in the Federal Court, or, if it is decided to prosecute under the criminal statutes, an indictment will be prepared for presentation to the grand jury which meets in May.

Mr. Day would not say whether he expected to have other meetings with District Attorney Behea, and recently received from Washington full transcript of the evidence which is said to incriminate several railroads and others.

This was taken at the hearings of the commission in Chicago.

ATTEMPT TO PROVE ALIBI FOR NORMAN

Negro's Trial on Murder
Charge Resumed.

OUTLINE OF THE CASE GIVEN

Counsel for Prisoner Accused of Brown
Woman's Murder Reserves a Legal
Right for His Client—Contention on
Latter's Whereabouts Expected.

When the trial of Lawrence Norman, colored, charged with the murder of Annie Brown, also colored, was resumed today in Criminal Court No. 1, Assistant District Attorney Taylor briefly outlined what the prosecution would endeavor to prove.

He said that on the night of September 2 last the date on which the woman met her death she and the defendant were at a house on Water Street, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first Streets, northwest. They quired and it is claimed that Norman beat her and also threatened to kill her with a pistol. It was also stated by Mr. Taylor that the house in which were the Brown woman and Norman is situated within a few feet of the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal.

Soon after the fight between them it is said that the woman went out into the back yard, and that Norman followed her. A few minutes afterward, it is said, the sound of a splash was heard, with cries for help. People in the neighborhood made an investigation and discovered the dead body of the woman in the water.

Mr. Samuel D. Truitt, counsel for the defense, reserved the right to make an opening statement for the defendant. It is stated, however, that an effort will be made to establish an alibi for the accused.

Then a bill will be filed in the Federal Court, or, if it is decided to prosecute under the criminal statutes, an indictment will be prepared for presentation to the grand jury which meets in May.

Mr. Day would not say whether he expected to have other meetings with District Attorney Behea, and recently received from Washington full transcript of the evidence which is said to incriminate several railroads and others.

This was taken at the hearings of the commission in Chicago.

Then a bill will be filed in the Federal Court, or, if it is decided to prosecute under the criminal statutes, an indictment will be prepared for presentation to the grand jury which meets in May.

This was taken at the hearings of the commission in Chicago.

FINISHING TOUCHES BY SENATE DISTRICT COMMITTEE.

A Conference Today With Railroad Rep-
resentative Regarding Grade Cross-
ings—Popular Approval of Plans.

The Senate District Committee had a meeting this afternoon at 2 o'clock to give final consideration to the union railway station bill.

A representative of the engineering department of the Pennsylvania Railroad had a long conference with the committee on some of the points over which there have been differences of opinion. These related to the station itself and the elimination of grade crossings.

The feasibility of running a tunnel under First Street east without injuring the Congressional Library building was taken up. The meeting had not concluded at a late hour this afternoon.

The bill will be reported to the Senate tomorrow probably, and be pressed for early passage.

The plans and drawings of the union station continue to attract much favorable attention from all who visit the rooms of the committee, and are gaining many warm champions from both Senators and Representatives.

SUGAR CONFERENCE AT THE WHITE HOUSE

Mr. Oxnard and the President
Discuss the Situation.

Suggested That the Latter May Have
Urged Acceptance of the Compro-
mise Plan.

Mr. Henry Oxnard, the head of the beet sugar industry, called at the White House today and had a long conference with President Roosevelt. Mr. Oxnard declined to make any statement regarding the interview.

Mr. Oxnard is by no means won to the proposed compromise on a 25 per cent cut of the tariff and the establishment of reciprocity with the island.

It is thought that the President may have endeavored to bring Mr. Oxnard around to compliance with the compromise plan despite the ground that Mr. Oxnard has held all through the Cuban tariff imbroglio, that the beet sugar interests can stand no more than a 10 per cent cut at the highest.

REPEAL OF WAR TAXES.

Senate Finance Committee Unanimously
Favors House Bill.

At a meeting of the Senate Committee on Finance this morning it was decided by unanimous vote to report favorably the House bill repealing all of the war taxes.

A few unimportant amendments were agreed to which do not alter the effect of the bill. The report will probably not be made until next week.

TWO MORE VETOS SENT IN.

President Expresses Disapproval of Army
Record Corrections.

Two veto messages from the President of the United States were read in the Senate this morning. The bills which did not meet with the approval of the Chief Executive were those granting an honorable discharge to Charles H. Hawley and setting aside the finding of a court-martial in the case of James W. Howell.

The messages were referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

King to Give 500,000 Dinners.

LONDON, March 18.—It is announced that King Edward will give 500,000 dinners to London's poor during the week following the coronation.

IMMIGRANTS POURING INTO AMERICA AGAIN

Between 15,000 and 17,000
Arriving Every Week.

ENORMOUS RUSH YESTERDAY

More Waiting to Be Landed at New York
Yesterday Than Ever Before in the
History of That Port Save One—Ellis
Island Well Crowded by Newcomers.

NEW YORK, March 18.—The spring rush of immigration is now fairly on.

Between 15,000 and 17,000 prospective American citizens are arriving here every week.

There were more immigrants waiting to be landed yesterday than on any day in the history of the port, save one.

Five steamships crowded with Germans, Frenchmen, Italians, and Poles arrived yesterday, and four discharged passengers.

If it had not been for the fact that a case of smallpox prevented the landing of the steerage passengers of the Rhein, 6,576 immigrants would have been landed at Ellis Island.

The only record surpassing this was that of May 11, 1887, when 9,000 were landed.

Commissioner Sweeney said today, however, that this rush was nothing extraordinary, and that, as far as the immigration officers knew, the general average of arrivals during the next few weeks would not be more than the usual spring influx.

Yesterday's excess was caused by the late arrival of two steamships, which were due to land their passengers last Saturday. They were the Rhein, from Bremen, with 2,275 passengers, and the Phoenicia, from Hamburg, with 2,268.

Ellis Island was pretty crowded yesterday afternoon, but most of the immigrants were booted for the island towns, and they were packed away on westbound trains this evening.

Two more big shiploads were expected to arrive here today.

EFFECT OF MR. ALLISON'S VOTE ON THE SUBSIDY BILL

Speaker Henderson and Other Iowans in the House Expected
to Support Views of Their Leader in the Senate.

The vote of Senator Allison and to a less extent that of his colleague, Mr. Dooliver, on the ship subsidy bill yesterday, is the subject of much gossip at the Capitol today. The political effect of the stand taken by the Iowa Senators and the effect that it will have on them personally is very generally discussed and in some quarters the comment is rather heated.

It is pointed out by other leading Republicans that Mr. Allison is one of the most powerful committee men on appropriations, and that this fact will give the Democrats much chance to manufacture campaign material, no matter what the fate of the measure may be in the House of Representatives.

Mr. Allison presented a number of amendments to the bill and nearly all of them were accepted, including all of the

most important. At this point, it is urged by the strict party Republicans, he should have let his opposition cease. Instead he cast his vote against his party and against the bill as he had amended it. He did not even take the middle course of abstaining himself from the chamber during the voting. It is said that this stand of the Iowa Senator will hurt the bill in the House and also throughout the country.

A coincidence much discussed in this connection is that the Speaker of the House is also from Iowa and that he is also very evidently not friendly to the subsidy bill. It is also prophesied that the Iowa delegation generally in the House will vote against it.

There is much gossip as to exactly how far Mr. Henderson will exert his great power as Speaker against the measure.

WOULD BEGIN WORK ON THE MEMORIAL BRIDGE

Senator Martin's Proposed Amendment
Provides for a Start.

Senator Martin of Virginia today introduced in the Senate a measure providing for the beginning of work on the great Memorial Bridge across the Potomac River.

The measure provides that \$100,000 shall be appropriated for the immediate beginning of construction work.

TEN INSANE SOLDIERS.

They Arrive From the Philippines and
Go to St. Elizabeth's.

Ten insane soldiers from the Philippines arrived in the city this afternoon in charge of Hospital Steward Boyle. They were immediately removed to the Government Hospital for the Insane in one of the vehicles of that institution.

The unfortunate men came over the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and were much fatigued by their long journey.

WORKING FOR THE CAT HOME.

The Proposed Institution Discussed at
Feline Club Meeting.

There were fully thirty ladies and gentlemen present at the second meeting of the Washington Cat Club. All appeared greatly interested in the proposed establishment of a place of refuge for their beloved pets when inadvertently lost, strayed, or stolen.

All present were also most enthusiastic over the proposed cat show to be held here next fall in connection with the annual chicken show. Promises have already been received from fanciers in distant cities, to bring their best stock to Washington and there is no doubt that here as elsewhere the cats will attract the largest and most interesting element and pay the bills for the "chicken men."

A constitution was considered and laid on the table for action at the annual meeting. Club stationery and a committee on cat home was appointed.

GREAT STORM RAGING.

Virginia Coast Being Swept by Forty-five-Mile Gale.

NORFOLK, Va., March 18.—A terrific storm prevails on the coast today with the wind blowing forty-five miles an hour.

All shipping at sea is in great danger. Four boys were captured in the Cumberland mill pond near Fayetteville, N. C., while crossing in a boat.

A STRANGE REPORT COMES FROM RUSSIA

The Story From
St. Petersburg.

ONE OF THE LEADING DAILIES OF ST. PETERSBURG, TO THE EFFECT THAT RUSSIA WOULD STAND BY TURKEY IN THE MATTER OF PREVENTING AMERICA FROM COLLECTING THE INDEMNITY FUND IN THE CASE OF MISS ELLEN M. STONE, WAS DISCUSSED IN DIPLOMATIC CIRCLES HERE TODAY. COUNT CASSINI, THE RUSSIAN AMBASSADOR, SAID HE DID NOT THINK THERE WAS ANY TRUTH IN THE REPORT AND DECLARED THAT HIS GOVERNMENT DID NOT ENTERTAIN ANY SUCH SENTIMENT TOWARD THE UNITED STATES AS WAS CONTAINED IN THE "SWET" ARTICLE.

CLEVELAND ADOPTS THE THREE-CENT ORDINANCE

Measure Passed by an Over-
whelming Majority.

Building of Road to Begin as Soon as the
Law Becomes Effective—"A Scheme,"
Says Johnson's Opponents.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 18.—The city council passed the 3-cent fare franchise ordinance last night.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

There was no demonstration when the vote resulted in 20 to 2 in favor of the passage of the measure.

The franchise provides for about twenty miles of double track railway.

Mayor Johnson said that the work of construction would begin immediately after the ordinance went into effect.

The two councilmen who voted against the ordinance declared the whole thing a political scheme and that it was Mayor Johnson's plan to build the roads and then buy them for the city to carry his municipal ownership plans.

That Country to Stand by
Turkey in Stone Case.

THE RANSOM NOT TO BE REFUNDED

St. Petersburg Paper Declares
This the Country's Attitude.

DISCREDITED BY M. CASSINI

The Russian Ambassador Says He Knows
Nothing About the Matter, But Does
Not Believe the Story to Be True—Posi-
tion of the Governments Interested.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 18.—"Swet" today declares that Russia will not allow America to compel Turkey to pay the ransom money exacted by the brigands for the release of Miss Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary, who with Russia tolerate any interference in her sphere of influence.

"Russia, the paper adds, will enunciate a Monroe Doctrine for the east of Europe.

Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador to the United States, stated this afternoon that he was in absolute ignorance in regard to the